

# IS FPGA ACCELERATION OF FINANCIAL ANALYTICS VIABLE?

STAC Summit - Fall 2018



Historical Challenges of FPGA Development

Ingredients Needed to Move FPGAs into the Computing "Mainstream"

What Financial Market Needs and What FPGAs Do Well

Two Case Studies:

- Partial Differential Equation (PDE) Solver
- In-line Analytics Processing

Make, Buy, Abstraction, Performance



# Historical Challenges of FPGA Development



#### **RTL Development**

#### **Behavioural Simulation**

**Synthesis** 

#### **Timing Constraints**

Layout

**Place & Route** 

Verification

**In System Debug** 





# Ingredients needed to make FPGA in computing "mainstream"



User Application

Data Framework (e.g. Apache Spark\*)

Scalable Functions (e.g. PDE Solver)

Library Primitives (Mathematics, Statistics)

Developer SDKs - e.g. OpenCL\*

Acceleration Stack, Drivers, BSPs & Interface IP

**Boards and Platforms** 

**FPGA Silicon & FPGA Design Tools** 

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Qualification

EΜ

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#### **Financial Market Needs**

#### 6 Key requirements for an accelerator:

- Equivalence of results
- High-Performance
- Scalability
- Parameterizable
- Easy to integrate and maintain
- Resilience



Environment of regulatory and compliance workloads increase demand for HPC in finance FSI customers evaluating Acceleration & Cloud



#### What FPGA Does Well

- Custom Processing Pipelines
- Variable Precision Arithmetic
- Heterogenous Dataflows
- Diverse Memory Hierarchy

- Multiple Workloads
- High-bandwidth data caching
- Look-aside AND In-line Acceleration
- Parallel processing

LOW LATENCY	INHERENTLY PARALLEL	HIGH PERFORMANCE
VARIABLE PRECISION	REPROGRAMMABLE	ENERGY EFFICIENT



# **CASE STUDIES**

#### PDE Solver – Double No-Touch (DNT) Option Pricing Engine

#### How much should the bank charge the Investor as **Option Price?**



Programmable Solutions Group



# The Math(s)

Intuitively, algorithm requires knowing how **option values change w.r.t. time** This is modeled by parabolic PDE:

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial t} = a \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} + b \frac{\partial V}{\partial x} + c \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y^2} + d \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} + e \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x \partial y} - rV$$

Where:

- x is spot level, y is volatility, t is time
- Coefficients a, b, c, d, e, r are **dependent** on x, y, t, and in the form:

$$w = w_t(t) + w_x(x,t)w_y(y,t)$$



# Creating a PDE Solver in FPGA

FPGA used to provide a solver for a particularly computationally challenging workload

- Intent: Improve time to results
  - More results (Present Value of Options (PVs)) in a given amount of time or compute resource
- **Starting point:** C-model implementation of PDE Solver created (880 lines of C code)
- End point: Optimised OpenCL\* implementation (920 lines of OpenCL)

Task	Dev. Time	Result
Convert C model to OpenCL	2 weeks	142 PV/s**
Optimise pipeline	1 week	174 PV/s**
New C Code + Open CL optimisations	2 weeks	387 PV/s**
Scale infrastructure (4 x FPGA Cards)	1 week	1511 PV/s**

\*\* See appendix for server configuration

Software and workloads used in performance tests may have been optimized for performance only on Intel microprocessors.

Performance tests, such as SYSmark and MobileMark, are measured using specific computer systems, components, software, operations and functions. Any change to any of those factors may cause the results to vary. You should consult other information and performance tests to assist you in fully evaluating your contemplated purchases, including the performance of that product when combined with other products. For more complete information visit<u>www.intel.com/benchmarks</u>.

Performance results are based on testing as of 01 Sep 2018 and may not reflect all publicly available security updates. See configuration disclosure for details. No product can be absolutely secure.



# Throughput Averaged Over 50 Consecutive Batches (1940 PDEs/batch)



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#### Flexible Allocation of FPGA Devices

#### Same Total Throughput







#### In-Line Data Processing Example

FPGA offers the possibility to process ingress market data before sending to the CPU

TCP offload in the FPGA reduces host software load

Integrating pricing / risk / compliance calculations offers:

- Near real-time calculations
- Implement custom functions in C/C++ with high-level design tools
- Run SW applications and frameworks on CPU cores

Enyx\* nxTCP function integrated into FPGA

Enyx\* nx\_tcp SW libraries plug into Acceleration Stack

- UDP and Market Feed Decoder are available





## **In-Line Accelerator Implementation**

Hardware integration:

- FPGA Interface Manager (FIM) is part of Intel<sup>®</sup> Acceleration Stack for Intel<sup>®</sup> Xeon<sup>®</sup> CPU with FPGAs
- TCP Offload Engine from Enyx\* is provided ready for Accelerator Functional Unit (AFU) attachment (loopback mode)
- Design AFUs with HLS



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# Enyx\* TCP offload plugs into Intel® Acceleration Stack for Intel® Xeon® CPU with FPGAs

- Software integration:
  - TCP/OE management is linked to the OPAE software stack
  - External library plug in
  - OPAE is a robust, open software stack that incudes:
    - Up-streamed Linux drivers
    - Tools to discover, enumerate, program, share, query accesses, manipulate FPGAs



OPAE = Open Programmable Acceleration Engine

#### Final Thoughts on Accelerator Ease of Use

#### Performance



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## \*\*System configuration for performance testing

Server configuration: Dell PowerEdge R740 2 x Intel<sup>®</sup> Xeon<sup>®</sup> Gold 6132 @ 2.6 GHz 192GB (12 x 16GB) RDIMM, 2666MT/s, Dual Rank

Operating System: Red Hat Enterprise Linux: Release 7.5 with Linux kernel 3.10.0-862.el7.x86\_64

FPGA:

Intel Programmable Acceleration Card with Intel Arria® 10 GX FPGA, Acceleration Stack version 1.0

Test performed during August 2018. OpenCL code was developed within Intel<sup>®</sup> Programmable Solutions Group. Functional correctness was verified by comparison with single-precision floating point results from CPU, using the "==" operator in C/C++

Tests were performed with pre-production, proof-of-concept code.

Not all capabilities are part of shipping products.



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